



Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy & Guidance

(For Child Protection, please refer to the Rutland County Council Safeguarding Children policy.)

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1. Introduction

An effective whole service Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy is one that provides clear direction to staff and others about expected codes of behaviour in dealing with 'safeguarding adults' issues. An effective policy also makes explicit the service's commitment to the development of good practice and sound internal service procedures. This ensures that safeguarding vulnerable adults' concerns will be handled sensitively, professionally and in ways that support the needs of the adult.

The aim of this policy is to safeguard and promote the welfare, safety and health of the vulnerable adults we work with by fostering an honest, open, caring and supportive climate.

We recognise that Rutland Adult Learning Service does not operate in isolation. The welfare of vulnerable adults is a corporate responsibility of the entire local authority, working in partnership with other public agencies, schools, the voluntary sector and service users and carers.

This Policy on safeguarding vulnerable adults has been devised to complement the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Adults partnership, multi-agency policy and procedure. The Government's long-standing 'No Secrets' document has been replaced by the Dept. of Health & Social Care 'Care and Support Statutory Guidance' – Safeguarding (February 2018)

Decisions by staff whether or not to report concerns of abuse/mistreatment are not a matter of individual conscience but are considered a professional duty.

Who is an adult in need of Safeguarding?

Any person aged eighteen or over who:

- Is, or may be, in need of community care services by reason of mental or other disability, age or illness; and
- Is, or may be, unable to take care of him or herself, or unable to protect him or herself against significant harm or exploitation.

What constitutes abuse?

Abuse is a violation of an individual's human and civil rights by any other person or persons.

Abuse may consist of a single act or repeated acts. It may be physical, verbal or psychological, it may be an act of neglect or an omission to act, or it may occur when a vulnerable person is persuaded to enter into a financial or sexual transaction to which he or she has not consented, or cannot consent. Abuse can occur in any relationship and may result in significant harm to, or exploitation of, the person subjected to it. Abuse may be perpetrated as the result of deliberate intent, negligence or ignorance.

'Significant harm' should be taken to include: ill treatment including sexual abuse and forms of ill treatment which are not physical; the impairment of, or an avoidable deterioration in, physical or mental health; and the impairment of physical, intellectual, emotional, social or behavioural development.

2. Rutland Adult Learning Service Safeguarding vulnerable adults Policy

Multi-Agency Policy Statement:

All adults in need of safeguarding have the right to live their lives free from abuse of any description.

All agencies and individuals that have contact with adults in need of safeguarding have a duty to protect them from abuse.

Where abuse is reported to or suspected by any person in any agency the response will be prompt and in line with the Multi-Agency Procedures.

Purpose of the Policy

This policy aims to provide all staff within the Rutland Adult Learning Service a clear framework to ensure that all policies, procedures and practice relating to safeguarding vulnerable adults are consistent and in line with the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Adults Multi-Agency policy and procedures (November 2017)

These guidelines and procedures are designed to:

- Prevent the abuse and mistreatment of vulnerable adults
- Promote increased awareness and recognition of the issues surrounding the abuse and mistreatment of vulnerable adults.
- Ensure all staff working within RALSS understand their responsibility to protect vulnerable adults from harm whenever they are in a position to do so.
- Ensure that when abuse/mistreatment is suspected, appropriate action is taken to safeguard vulnerable adults from further harm and exploitation.
- Ensure that allegations about abuse/mistreatment are investigated thoroughly, efficiently and consistently.
- Respect the rights of all people to live their chosen lifestyle with privacy, dignity, independence, choice and fulfilment.

Procedures, Practice and Responsibilities

Where it is believed that a vulnerable adult is suffering from, or is at risk of, significant harm, we will follow the procedures set out in the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Multi-agency policy and procedures. The Rutland Adult Learning Service has developed this Policy and Guidance document to complement these procedures.

All adults working with or on behalf of vulnerable adults have a responsibility to safeguard and promote their welfare. There are, however, key people within RALSS, and Adult Social Care who have specific responsibilities under safeguarding adults' procedures.

The Designated Person for safeguarding within RALSS is:

Diane Morrow

Her responsibility is to respond to safeguarding situations, concerns and queries as they arise. She will ensure that information is accurately recorded and stored, facilitate inter-agency liaison to seek advice

and ensure RALSS staff have access to the most current and relevant information. Please see page 9 for more details on the RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults role.

The RALSS Team Manager will support both the RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults and all other RALSS staff in fulfilling their duties within the Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults agenda. This will specifically include supporting relevant training for staff and ensuring new members of staff are made fully aware of their duties to Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults and to ensure they are aware of the RALSS Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Policy and Guidance.

The Deputy Designated Person for safeguarding within RALSS is:

Rose Pusch

Confidentiality

There may be some anxieties about legal or ethical restrictions on sharing information, particularly with other agencies. Managers in particular should be aware of the law and should comply with codes of conduct or other guidance available to professional bodies. These rarely provide an absolute barrier to disclosure. Everyone should be prepared to exercise judgement. Failure to pass on information, which might have prevented a tragedy, could result in criticism both of individuals and organisations.

A decision about whether to disclose information may be particularly difficult if it is considered that disclosure may damage a patient/client/learner relationship. Wherever possible agreement to disclose should be sought from the person concerned, and if the decision is to act against that individual's wishes, an explanation should be offered.

There will be no breach of confidence if the person to whom the duty of confidence is owed has the mental capacity to give consent and in fact consents to the disclosure.

The Caldicott Committee in the Report on the Review of Patient - Identifiable Information (December 1997) summarised the following principles:

- Information will only be shared on a need to know basis when it is in the best interests of the service user;
- Confidentiality must not be confused with secrecy;
- Informed consent should be obtained but, if this is not possible and other Safeguarded Adults are at risk, it may be necessary to override the requirement;
- It is inappropriate for agencies to give assurances of absolute confidentiality in cases where there are concerns about abuse, particularly in those situations when other vulnerable people may be at risk.

Race, Ethnicity and Culture

- All staff should be aware of their prejudices in order to avoid perpetuating racial and cultural stereotypes and therefore avoid being diverted from safeguarding the vulnerable adult.
- All workers must be aware of differing models of family life that can vary according to race, culture, religion, class, ability and community. Each offers its own way of meeting a vulnerable adults needs, has its own strengths and must be respected in all aspects of Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults.
- All workers must adopt an anti-discriminatory approach in Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults. Adopting an anti-racist perspective in adult safeguarding does not mean legal issues or procedures should be undermined or ignored.
- Families and their vulnerable adults whose first language is not English should be provided with translation services.

Physical Contact

- Physical contact, however well intentioned, may be misconstrued by a learner, parent or observer. As a general principle, staff must not make gratuitous physical contact with their learners.
- Physical contact may be a necessary part of teaching some vulnerable adults, for example those with profound and multiple difficulties. Staff should be aware of the limits within such contact should properly take place and of the possibility of such contact being misconstrued.
- There may be occasions where a distressed vulnerable adult needs comfort and reassurance such as a carer would give. Staff should use their discretion in such cases to ensure that what is normal and natural does not become unnecessary and unjustified contact, particularly with the same learner over a period of time.

Online Learning

- Induction includes a method for indicating the need for immediate help, using the Signal for Help instituted by www.canadianwomen.org
- A signal will be followed up by a phone call to ask for more information but using closed questions in case the vulnerable person can be overheard.
- If needed, the Safeguarding Officers can be contacted to obtain contact details, or addresses to be passed on to the police.
- The usual referrals and reports will be made to the Rutland County Council Safeguarding Team if necessary.

Radicalisation and Prevent

The UK National Strategy for tackling terrorism, CONTEST was published in July 2011. The strategy has four broad strands:

Prevent: Tackle the radicalisation of individuals

Pursue: Identify, monitor and disrupt those suspected of terrorism, or linked to terrorism

Protect: Take action to protect the public and key national services from targeting by terrorists

Prepare: For the consequences of an attack

In February 2015, the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act passed into legislation and it states that a “specified authority must in the exercise of its functions have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism. The act lists those local authorities covered by the provision and includes local government.

In Rutland the Prevent Strategy is delivered through the Community Safety Partnership, with leadership under the direction of the Environment, Planning and Transport of the County Council. The Community Safety Partnership has established a Prevent Partnership Group across Leicestershire, Leicester City and Rutland and in partnership with Leicestershire Police.

The referral process is shown in appendix 6.

If a worker identifies an individual who may be at risk of Radicalisation, then they should immediately notify the lead officer in the service and agree a referral to Safety Partnership for a Channel Panel. This should be done using the attached referral form (Appendix 7)

Allegations against a member of staff

If a member of RALSS receives an allegation against a professional, teaching or non-teaching, they **must** follow the procedures as outlined in the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Adult Multi-Agency policy and procedures.

<http://www.lradultsafeguarding.co.uk>

Safe Recruitment Practice

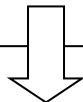
RALSS follow the safe recruitment procedures as laid down by Rutland County Council.

3. Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Procedures – Guidance for RALSS staff

This Guidance has been devised to complement existing guidance to RALSS staff. It draws from the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Adults Partnership Multi-Agency policy and procedures manual, and does not replace it.

RALSS staff/tutor has concerns about a vulnerable adult's welfare or receives a disclosure from a learner, carer, or parent.

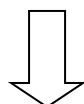
- DO NOT promise to keep it a secret or tell only specific people
- DO NOT interrogate or ask leading questions
- DO believe the vulnerable adult.
- DO ensure appropriate people are informed IMMEDIATELY.



Always inform the Designated Person for Safeguarding at RALSS of your concerns.

As an Officer of the Local Authority, you remain responsible for acting upon any information of a Safeguarding nature that you become aware of, even if you discuss it within the learner's care environment.

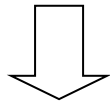
You may wish at any stage to discuss your concerns with the RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults. Any action taken by either yourself or the Designated Person for Safeguarding at RALSS will be recorded (use Record Form in Appendix 5)



If you pass your concerns to the Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults at RALSS, they may decide to:

- Take no further action other than make a record of your concerns
- Discuss the concerns with a Duty Social Worker

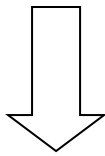
- Make a referral to Adult Social Care Service
- Refer the vulnerable adult to another agency for additional support



If at this stage, the Designated Person for RALSS feels no further action is necessary and you disagree, you may decide to:

- Discuss your concerns with a Duty Social Worker
- Make a referral to Adult Social Care Service

Inform the care environment of your decision if appropriate. **It is your responsibility to ensure action is taken to ensure the vulnerable adult's welfare, even if others disagree with you**



Keep a copy of the Referral and Information form and store in RALSS Safeguarding file (*copies of the referral form can be found at appendix five*)

Remember:

- Should you wish to talk through your concerns at any point, contact the RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding. Contact details can be found on page 11.
- Throughout the whole process, document your discussions, who you spoke to, including the date and time and clearly record actions agreed. Store this information with the RALSS designated Safeguarding Officer. (See page 10 for further details on Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults storage procedures for RALSS).
- Records should use clear, straightforward language avoiding departmental abbreviations. They should be concise and factual but also differentiate between opinion, judgement and hypothesis. Any decisions made should be recorded and the reasons for doing so clear.
- You have a legal duty to act independently of the RALSS and/or the Duty Social Worker if you feel the Vulnerable Adult is in need of services or protection.
- Should the RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults be unavailable, contact the Adult Social Care Team for further advice. Contact details are on page 11. You can request a consultation with a Duty Social Worker to seek further advice at any time. If you need to make an urgent referral outside of office hours, you should call the Out of Hours Adult Social Care on **01572 758341**.
- A referral should be made when we consider that a vulnerable adult has needs, which cannot be met, solely by the services or resources by services within RALSS, and where, following an assessment of the situation, we believe co-ordinated intervention is required to promote, safeguard or protect the welfare of the vulnerable adult.

Date	Reason for Review	Next Scheduled Review
October 2014	Updated as per two year cycle	October 2016
April 2018	Review re GDPR compliance	April 2020
August 2020	Updated as per cycle	August 2022
July 2021	Prevent update and additions	August 2022

APPENDIX ONE

RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults Roles and Responsibilities

- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will make themselves available to colleagues wherever practicable to discuss any concerns or queries colleagues may have, or to offer support prior, during and after a Safeguarding Adult Protection issue.
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will act as a conduit of information for RALSS and will signpost their colleagues to those agencies that can offer the most appropriate advice
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults is responsible for advising on the procedures for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults that are to be followed. The Designated Person is not responsible either for action taken by a colleague or undertaking action on a colleague's behalf, unless by prior agreement.
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will ensure, along with the RALSS Team Manager, that they have the relevant level of training.
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will place Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults as a Standing Item on the agenda at all RALSS management meetings.
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will circulate any relevant information to the RALSS management team.
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will take advice if necessary from outside agencies to enable them to support colleagues competently and confidently
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will support colleagues to ensure all information of a 'Safeguarding Vulnerable adults' nature is stored securely and in line with RALSS policy. Following GDPR guidance (May 2018), documents relating to vulnerable learners and safeguarding incidents will be stored in accordance with Peterborough College/Stamford College's policy i.e. for 5 years after the learner has left RALSS.
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will keep the ALMT up to date and share good practice, on Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults issues.

APPENDIX TWO

Record Keeping

- Any information of a Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults nature needs to be recorded and stored securely in line with guidance. This is to ensure work is accountable and focused. It is also an important part of multi-agency working and continuity when individual workers are unavailable or change. Records are also an essential part of evidence for any investigations and inquiries and staff always need to be aware that they may also be disclosed in court proceedings.
- A separate Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults file needs to be created in which to store the records of any Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults issues. Any subsequent documentation such as referral forms, reports or minutes of meetings must also be stored in here. Notes following discussions with the Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults or other agencies should also be stored here.
- This file will be stored in a secure cabinet.
- The Record Form (see Appendix 5) should be used for any discussions between the member of staff and the RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults. They should record their conversation and agree the content once it has been written to ensure an accurate account of their discussion. Both should also sign the record. If it was a telephone discussion or location makes this impossible, the person who completes the record must ensure that the other person countersigns it as soon as possible.
- The Record Form is also to be used to record any other discussions had regarding the adult, which relate to any Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults concerns.
- Any information that needs to be filed in the Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults can be placed there directly by the individual member of staff, or the Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults. Filing must be completed immediately and papers must not be left lying around.
- As with all other learner related information, information relating to Safeguarding Vulnerable issues must not be removed from the office without prior agreement of the RALSS designated officer.
- If necessary, the RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will agree a timescale for a follow-up discussion with colleagues following a Safe Guarding Vulnerable Adults discussion. That date should be recorded and noted in diaries to act as an aide memoir.
- At all times, staff should be aware that anything they write may be seen by parents, carers, learners and other agencies and or used as evidence in court. Therefore, information must be factual. Any expression of opinion must be clearly recorded as such and justifiable.
- The RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults will support colleagues to ensure all information of a Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults nature is stored securely and in line with RALSS policy.
- Following GDPR guidance (May 2018), documents relating to vulnerable learners and safeguarding incidents will be stored in accordance with Peterborough College/Stamford College's policy i.e. for 5 years after the learner has left RALSS.

APPENDIX THREE
Contact Details

Rutland Adult Learning Service

The RALSS Designated Persons for Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults are:

Diane Morrow Tel: 01572 720912

Rose Pusch Tel: 01572 758147

Adult Social Services Duty Desk: 01572 758341

Rutland County Council

Catmose

Oakham

Rutland

LE15 6HP

Children's Duty Desk: 01572 758407

You can request a consultation with a Duty Social Worker to discuss your concerns if you are unable to speak to the RALSS Designated Person for Safeguarding Adults, and to enable you to make a decision on whether to refer or not.

APPENDIX FOUR

References

The following documents and websites should be read and used in conjunction with this policy. More information can be found at www.rutland.gov.uk

- Leicester, Leicestershire & Rutland Safeguarding Adults Partnership (Multi-Agency Procedures and Guidelines.)
- *Action on Elder Abuse Response Line: Offers a confidential help line providing information and emotional support. 080 8808 8141.*
- *The Anne Craft Trust: Maintains information exchange network, raising the general level of awareness of issues relating to the abuse of people with learning disabilities. 0115 979 9987.*
- Department of Health www.dh.gov.uk
- *Social Care Institute for Excellence. www.scie.org.uk*

**APPENDIX FIVE
Reporting Form**

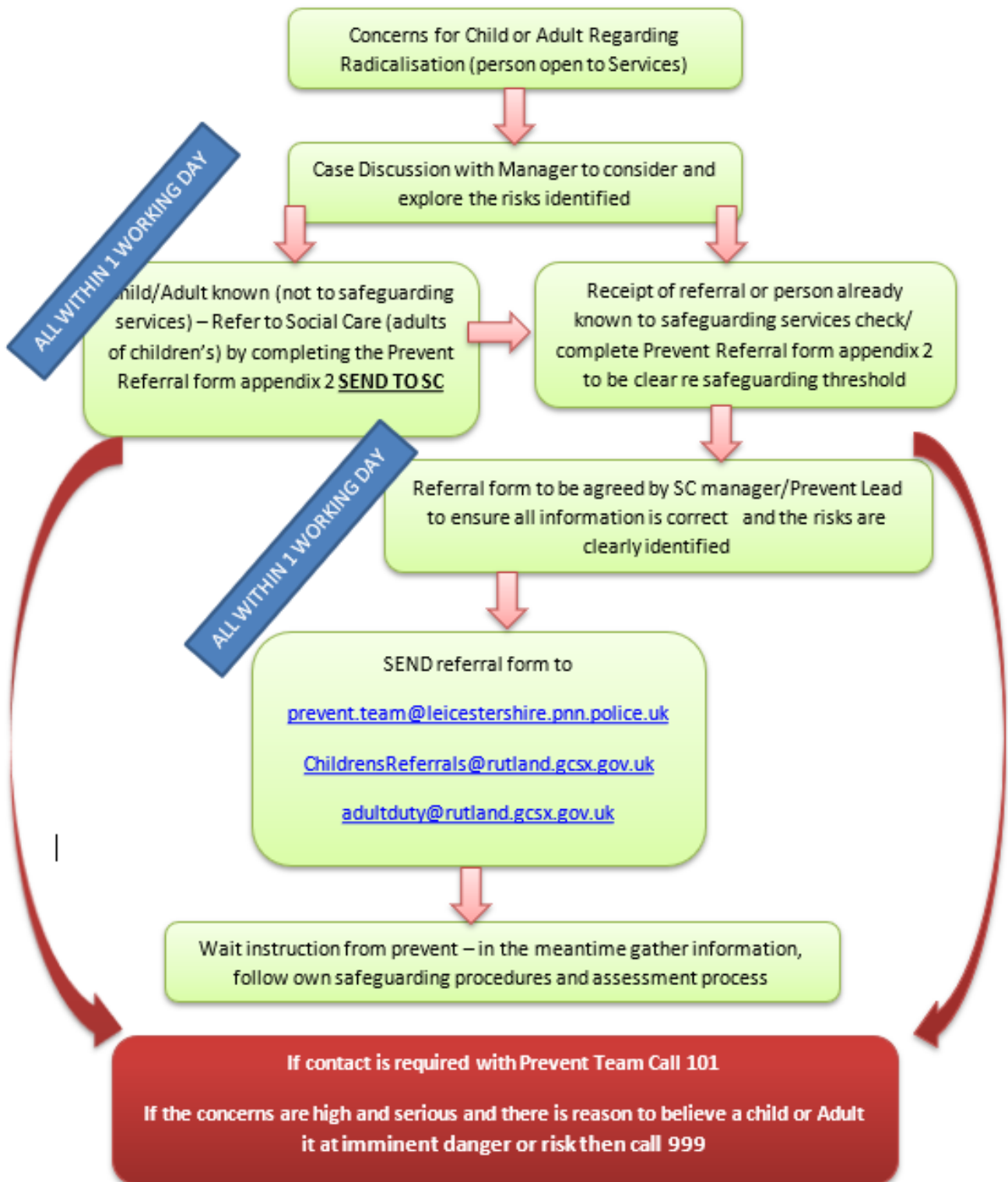
Learner: _____ DOB: _____

Centre/Venue : _____

Person completing notes: _____

Date	Time	Person spoken to	Discussion notes	Action agreed
Store this record in the RALSS Safeguarding Adults confidential file.				

**Appendix 6
Flowchart for Prevent Referral process**



**Appendix 7
Prevent Referral Form**

**East Midlands
Prevent Referral Form**

Information will be kept secure and confidential and will only be disclosed to those parties who have a legal and legitimate need to know.

<p><u>Please complete the below details and email this form to:</u> prevent.team@leicestershire.pnn.police.uk</p>	<p>This will be dealt with by individual Police Force Prevent Teams.</p>		
<p><i>Please complete to the best of your knowledge. Leave blank if unknown.</i></p>			
<p><u>Your details:</u></p>			
Surname		D.O.B	
Forenames		Relationship to individual	
Contact no.			
email			
Professional role (if applicable)			
Address			

<p><u>Individuals details and summary of concerns:</u></p> <p><i>Please include as much detail as possible.</i></p>			
Surname		D.O.B	
Forenames		Gender	
Contact no.			
email			

Social Media Username			
Ethnicity		Nationality	
		Place of Birth	
Address			
Languages Spoken		English spoken?	
School or Educational Establishment			
Occupation			
Occupation Address			
Has anyone been consulted about this referral (safeguarding agency etc.)?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
If yes please give details			
Additional Info			

<u>Summary of Concerns</u> Framed around Engagement, Intent and Capability